

# Information Technology and Intelligent Transportation Systems 2003-2008 Strategic Plan

Presented by:

Center for Urban Transportation Research and Palisades Group USA February 24, 2004

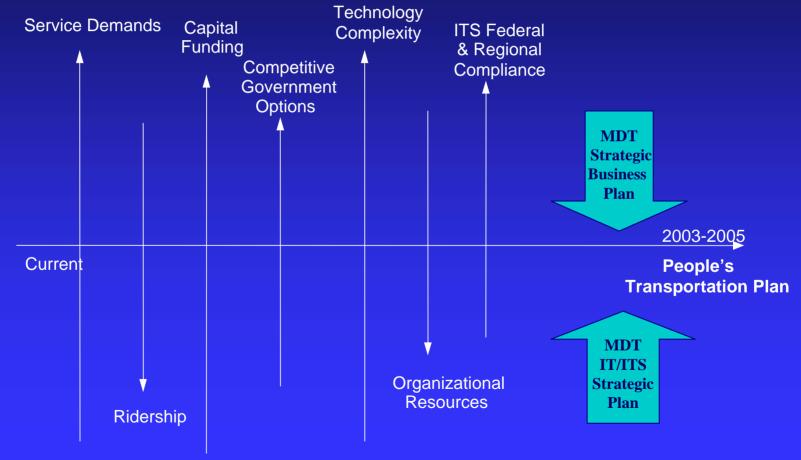
#### Overview



- Update on IT/ITS 2003-2008 Strategic Enterprise Plan
- Review
  - Opportunities & Demands
  - Business-Driven Approach
  - Scope and Objectives
  - Benefits
- IT Achievements
- Target Architectures
- Organizational Impact: Participation and Support
- Key Findings
- Next Steps

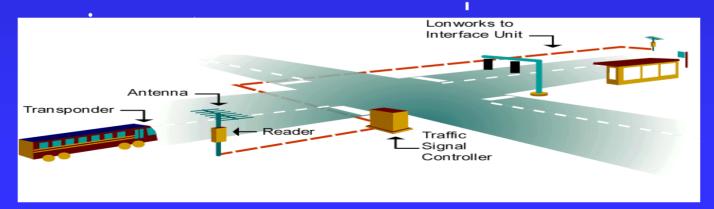
## Current Transit Opportunities & Demands





## IT/ITS 2003-2008 Enterprise Strategic Plan Scope and Objectives:

- To provide a road map for IT department support of MDT business units.
- Provide necessary framework to deliver ITS elements of The People's Transportation Plan
- Ensure MDT accordance with the FTA Policy on National ITS Architecture and Triennial Review



## FTA's National ITS Architecture Policy Requirements

- Section 5206(e) of TEA-21 requires that all ITS projects funded through the Highway Trust Fund be in conformance with the National ITS Architecture and applicable standards
- Grantees using federal funds for ITS projects in an area with a Regional ITS Architecture must selfcertify compliance with the Federal Policy

## FTA's National ITS Architecture Policy Requirements (cont'd.)

- Assessment and Technical Assistance provided by FTA in April-August 2002
- Findings and Conclusions support MDT efforts to develop an IT/ITS Strategic Plan
- IT/ITS Plan would define an enterprise-wide architecture for data-driven IT/ITS projects as a fundamental building block for fulfilling:
  - requirements of the FTA Policy
  - MDT's business needs

# What Do We Mean by an Enterprise-wide IT/ITS Architecture?

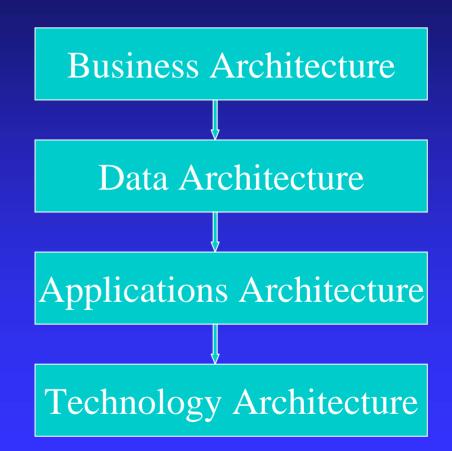


#### Definition: Architecture

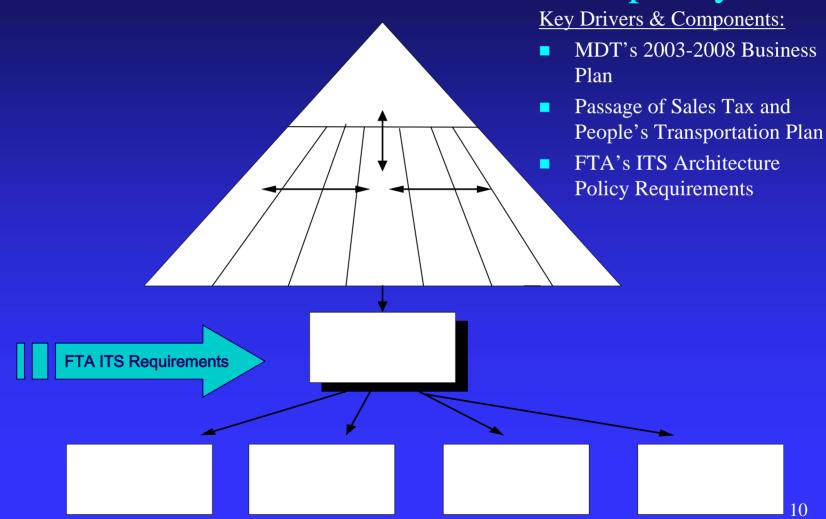
- "Architecture" defines the pieces and how they relate (e.g., data, applications, processes)
- Consists of drawings and narratives that describe the data, applications, technology, and IT organization needed to support the business
- Without architecture, IT/ITS is expensive & risky
   (e.g., continuous custom building, inefficient replacements and costly odd features)

## MDT IT/ITS Architecture Components

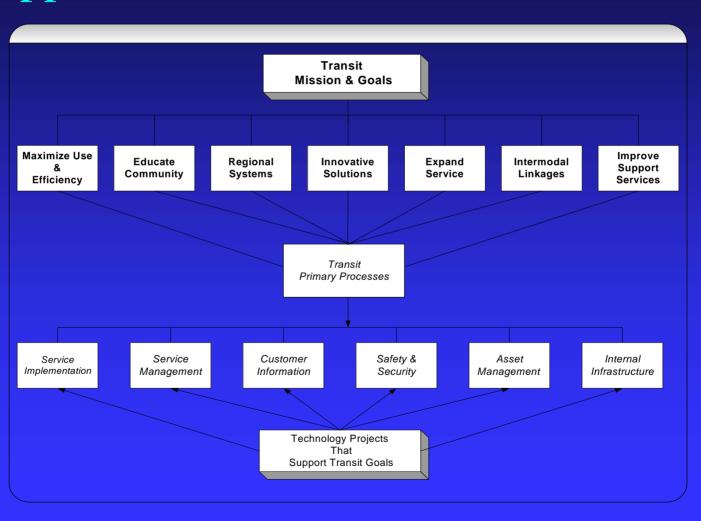
- Four layers, with additional on-board vehicle emphasis
- Business drivesinformation &application needs
- Applications drive technology needs



## IT/ITS Plan Approach: Business-driven and based on National ITS Architecture policy



#### Role of Technology: Supports MDT's Goals and Processes



#### Strategic Planning Process

- Structured, customized approach for MDT
- Comprehensive and interactive
- Seven key tasks

### Task 1: Initiation

- Scope
- Objectives
- Plan



#### Task 2:

#### **Business Model**

- Mission, Goals
- Current Org
- Strategies
- Processes

### Strategic Planning Process (cont.)

### Task 3: Current IT

- Organization
- Processes
- Hardware/Software
- Tech trends

## Task 5: Target Technology Architecture

- Hardware/Network
- System Software
- On-Board



### Task 4: Target Data/Application

#### **Architecture**

- Architectures
- Applications
- Strategies

## Task 6: IT Organization

- Processes
- Skills
- Issues
- Recommendations

### Strategic Planning Process (cont.)



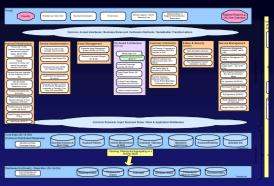
### Task 7: IT/ITS Strategic Plan

- Workshops and Tools
- Enhanced Documentation
- Plan Summary Report
- Plan Detailed Report
- ITS Strategic Plan
- IT/ITS Architecture and Technical Appendices
- Executive Presentation

## MDT 2003-2008 IT/ITS Strategic Plan is based on fundamental precepts:

- Need for superior management and support of IT will increase as MDT's service demands grow and as its business becomes increasingly complex
- IT is a critical infrastructure component necessary to MDT in attaining its goals and demonstrating performance
- IT affects every transit business process and organization within MDT
- Current advances in IT/ITS technologies can provide MDT with opportunities to improve and grow services more effectively than ever before

# IT/ITS Plan Helps Align Business Opportunities with Business Systems



- Understand external environment (customers and business events) and its effect on MDT's business
- Business activities and information required to satisfy a business event were identified and modeled into a related set of systems (Enterprise Architecture Plan or EAP)
- The EAP communicates a better understanding of overall MDT systems integration needs
- The EAP is the key vehicle for linking the business strategy to systems strategy (aligning IT with the business)

#### Benefits

- Good Business Sense
  - ◆ Guide MDT IT policy and process to better manage procurement and implementation of IT and ITS investment as it moves forward to support PTP
  - Provide a baseline blueprint for IT and ITS systems to work together
  - Provide a living document for migration planning
- Policy Compliance: Assist MDT to meet requirements of the Florida Regional Architecture and FTA Policy
  - Supports systems engineering process

#### Current IT Environment

- Significant success with 2000-2002 IT Plan
- Need for additional updating and expanding IT/ITS infrastructure
- Need to minimize "stove pipe" applications
- Gartner Group Findings

#### Key IT Accomplishments

#### Goal #1: Y2K Readiness

✓ Successfully transitioned to the Year 2000 and created a Disaster Recovery Plan

#### Goal #2: Improved Network Infrastructure

- ✓ New & Expanded Email Services
- Provided Enhanced Voice and Data
   Communications Services across MDT
- ✓ Adopted Client/Server Technology and Extended Network Browser Capabilities

#### Key IT Accomplishments (cont'd)

### Goal #3: Improved Application Infrastructure and Environment

- ✓ Upgraded Systems
- ✓ Implemented new systems
- ✓ Initiated new systems projects and RFP's

#### Goal #4: Timely and Consistent IT Service

- ✓ New procedures and performance measures
- ✓ Improved Call Center & help desk support

#### Key IT Accomplishments (cont'd)

#### Goal #5: Efficient Management of IT Resources

- Adopted Standard Application Tool Sets
- Implemented Cost Control Measures
- Implemented new Policies and Procedures

#### Goal #6: Training Program for Users and IT Staff

- Provided training to MDT staff on basic computing skills, Word, Outlook, etc.
- Provided technical training to IT staff on GIS, Oracle, LAN support and other new tools

#### IT Performance Measures

- Baseline completed in 2003 (Gartner)
- Benchmarking to composite peer agencies showed MDT had significantly lower costs for IT services in most areas
- Total FTE's in IT were less than peer group
- MDT's IT group had above average customer satisfaction ratings

### Moving Forward

Strategic Strategies and Initiatives

#### Target Architecture Goals

- Expand the reach of computing to both internal and external stakeholders
- Enable sharing of data and content
- Use applications that have the capabilities to publish, interact, or transact
- Use Internet technologies to connect employees, customers, and regional partners
- Improve MDT's ability to meet business and customer needs and to achieve operating efficiencies

Evolution from application-centric to data-centric architecture



### Target Architecture: Key Strategies

- Data-Centric Approach to IT
- Disciplined Migration Path to Achieving MDT Goals and Implementing the PTP
- "Buy vs. Build"
- Invest in IT Staff Development
- Strategic Budgeting
- Consistency with County Standards and Direction
- Use of Systems Engineering Approach for all New Projects

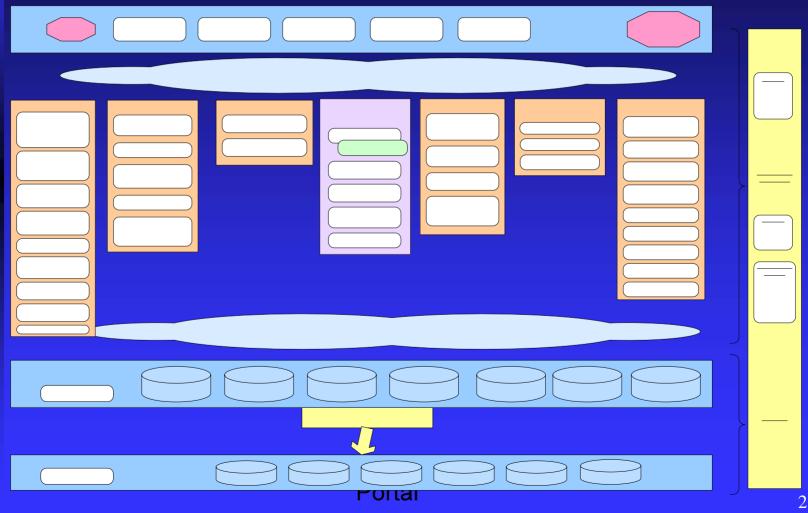
#### Key IT Guiding Principles

- 1. Data will be owned, shared, and controlled as a Transit asset. Applications will be developed using a cooperative process
- 2. Application initiatives will be guided by an established methodology using a systems engineering approach
- 3. Technology infrastructure will be developed to facilitate integration of data and systems
- 4. Secure network architectures will be employed

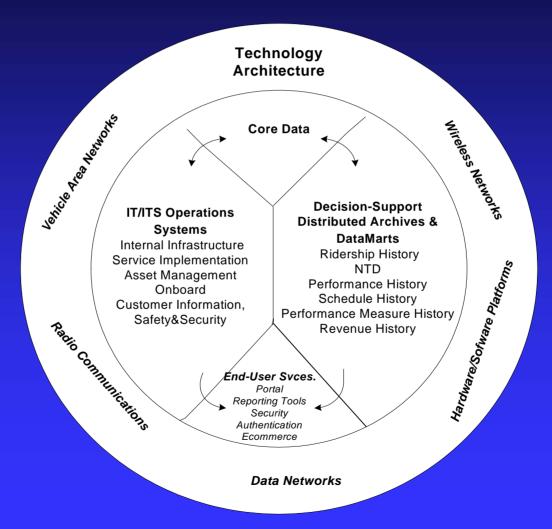
#### Key IT Guiding Principles (cont.)

- IT will focus on and be measured by the value of solutions delivered to internal and external stakeholders and customers
- IT will be a partner in reengineering and improving business processes related to IT systems
- IT will adhere to national and regional standards for transit architecture
- IT will insure recoverability to protect the continuation of the business
- Apply open systems concepts to insure portability, scalability, interoperability and compatibility of information technology systems

## MDT Target Enterprise Architecture (Logical)



#### Target Architecture Supports MDT's Core Functions



#### Data and Applications - Evolution

Evolution from application-centric to data-centric architecture

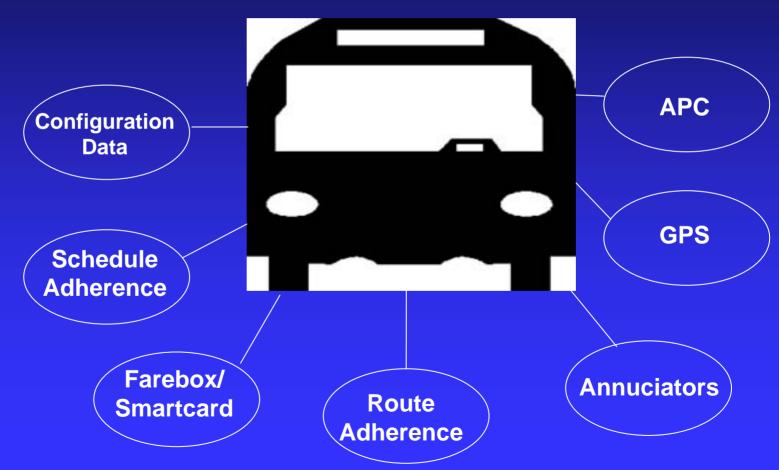
#### CAD/AVL TOS Rotary GIS Scheduling Corporate Distribution Database Farebox Geographic Scheduling

#### Key Strategies

- Centralize and manage core data
- Develop
  corporate-wide
  data policies
  prior to building
  the "enterprise
  information
  infrastructure"

#### On-Board Architecture:

Plan addresses coordination of onboard data and technology (examples below) with fixed-end systems



#### IT applications and the more transitspecific ITS applications are presented together because they <u>both</u>:

- Are driven by MDT's goals & business environment
- Use and impact the Technology infrastructure
- Need to be integrated to exchange needed data
- Drive the design and use of the Architecture
- Should be planned, implemented and operated using the same IT goals, guiding principles and standards
- Support users that would like to learn and use the same graphical user interface, data query, analysis and reporting tools, whether they are querying a traditional IT dataset or an ITS derived real-time dataset

#### Data and Application (19) Initiatives

Number	Data and Application Strategic Initiatives
SI-01-DA	On-Board Bus Infrastructure and Replacement
SI-02-DA	Automated Passenger Counting
SI-03-DA	Customer Information Network
SI-04-DA	Real-time Information
SI-05-DA	Bus Traffic Control Management
SI-06-DA	E-commerce
SI-07-DA	Fare Collection
SI-08-DA	Paratransit
SI-09-DA	Safety & Security
SI-10-DA	Traffic Signal Prioritization (TSP)
SI-11-DA	Scheduling Enhancements and Planning tools
SI-12-DA	Workforce Management (TOS replacement)
SI-13-DA	EAMS – Materials Asset Management/Procurement
SI-14-DA	Finance (GL/AP/AR)
SI-15-DA	HR (Training, Payroll, Employee Information)
SI-16-DA	Electronic Document Storage
SI-17-DA	Capital Project Control
SI-18-DA	Core Data Management
SI-19-DA	Decision Support Tool / Datamart

#### Technology (7) Initiatives

	Technology Architecture Strategic Initiatives
SI-21-T	Data Center Systems Environment Modernization
SI-22-T	Desktop Support and Configuration Standardization
SI-23-T	IT Service Model and Operational Procedures
SI-24-T	Distributed Network Design
SI-25-T	Network and System Management
SI-26-T	Quality Assurance / Application Development
	Environment
SI-27-T	On-Board Communications / Integration with Back-
	End Systems

#### Organizational (8) Initiatives

	Organizational Strategic Initiatives
SI-31-O	Administrative Planning
SI-32-O	Policy Development and Standards
SI-33-O	Service Management
SI-34-O	Project Management
SI-35-O	Business Process Reengineering
SI-36-O	Skills Planning and Training Program
SI-37-O	Target Organization / Transition Management
SI-38-O	IT/ITS Strategic Planning

## Examples of Administrative Planning Initiatives

- Implement strategies for improving operations and maintenance budget forecasts
- Increase grant funding
- Create/Update job classifications given the changing roles with technology
- IT Capital Project Approval Process
  - ◆ Set IT priorities at agency-wide level
  - ◆ Increase agency awareness of plan & priorities

#### Recommended Capital Approval Process

#### Conceptual Development Phase Identify business need and key dients/stakeholders Assess if project is probably feasible Develop brief project proposal (rough estimate of project scope, timeframe, staffing impact and budget) Yes - Approved by Key Stakeholders Budget Package Development Phase Develop phased budget package and seek grant funding opportunities Review and prioritization by transit senior management Yes-In Approved Transit Budget Feasibility/Business Analysis Phase Assess current situation and educate stakeholders as needed Identify needed and preferred functional requirements Identify technology/ market options Plan preliminary Concept of Operations and identify key project options Preliminary Cost/Benefit Assessment Refine & recommend project work plan, budget, spending plan, schedule Yes - Approved by Transit Management<sup>1</sup> Alternatives Analysis Phase Refine functional and system requirements and Concept of Operations Develop Request for Proposal, if appropriate Assess options (do benchmarking, if appropriate) Refine Cost/Benefit Analysis; include operations &maintenance impacts Select vendor and negotiate contract terms, if appropriate Refine and present project work plan, budget, spending plan, schedule Yes - Approved by Transit Management<sup>1</sup>

Implementation Phase

Finalize and sign vendor/consultant contract, if applicable
 Complete detailed design, programming and installation
 Complete acceptance testing, training and documentation

Transition operations and maintenance responsibilities

- Improved agency-wide knowledge of transit's technology investments
- Priority setting from an agencywide perspective
- Improved identification of additional stakeholders and project impacts
- Reduction in project risks via a phased approach (refines project scope, schedule and budget at each phase)

#### Project Management Initiatives

- Update and use a systems development methodology
- Develop projects in stages with significant client involvement. At a minimum:
  - ◆ Feasibility/Business Analysis
  - Alternatives Analysis
  - ◆ Implementation
- Acquire and use project management tools

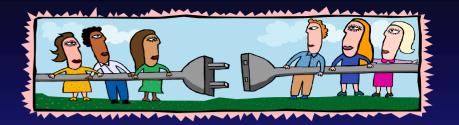
#### Key Findings

- A Shift in the Organizational Systems Paradigm It is imperative that MDT move to a standardsbased, interoperable systems environment
- Enterprise Perspective Coordination and oversight at the highest level and a global vision of what needs to be accomplished
- Apply Guiding Principles to Provide Leadership in technology decision-making

#### IT/ITS 2003-2008 Strategic Plan Summary:

- Provide a roadmap through Enterprise Architecture Planning to set the direction of the IT Division in the future, in terms of:
  - Business activities
  - Information requirements
- Guide the investment of transit resources in IT and ITS systems for MDT over the next five years
- "Target" IT/ITS architectures to support the Business:
  - Data & Applications
  - Technology
  - On-Board
  - Organizational
- Identification of implementation initiatives to be pursued

#### Next Steps



- 1. Formally adopt the IT/ITS 2003-2008 Strategic Plan
- 2. Expand the current MDT IT/ITS architecture toward the target architecture direction
- 3. Annually define and develop priority projects
- 4. Conduct model demonstrations and 'proof of concept' deployments
- 5. Invest in and institute formal IT Training program
- 6. Develop a process to insure continuous measurements to track performance and service level requirements
- 7. Review progress and fine-tune the Strategic Plan